

ESP

INSTRUCCIONES DE USO

CE0051

IDENTIFICACIÓN DE PRODUCTO

Los implantes dentales Ticare son implantes dentales endoósseos de forma cilíndrica que se pueden implantar quirúrgicamente en el hueso de la mandíbula para sostener y retener una prótesis dental. Hay dos opciones con respecto a las restauraciones protésicas:

- Inhex para conexión interna
- Osseous para la conexión externa

Las siguientes variantes de implantes dentales están disponibles:

- Inhex
- Conexión interna
- Conexión interna Quattro
- Conexión interna Multitask (MTA)
- Conexión interna Perio Hybrid
- Osseous
- Conexión externa
- Conexión externa Quattro
- Conexión externa Multitask (MTA)

USO PREVISTO E INDICACIONES

Los implantes dentales TICARE están diseñados para ser implantados en el maxilar superior o mandibular para servir como una unión entre el hueso de la mandíbula y una prótesis dental en el reemplazo parcial o total de dientes en pacientes edéntulos. Los implantes dentales TICARE están indicados para procedimientos de uso a o dos etapas, para apoyar restauraciones atornilladas y se pueden usar para una carga inmediata a excepción del implante corto de 5mm de longitud, cuando se logra una buena estabilidad primaria con una carga oclusal adecuada. Los implantes dentales TICARE Osseous Quattro e Inhex Quattro están indicados para respaldar las restauraciones fijas permanentemente, y debido a su diseño de rosca, no están indicados para uso en el hueso tipo I. Los implantes TICARE Mini, de diámetro pequeño (3,30 mm), están diseñados para reemplazar incisivos laterales en el maxilar superior y/o incisivos centrales o laterales en mandíbula y no deben usarse en la región molar. Los implantes Ticare Inhex y Osseous de 6,00 mm están diseñados para procedimientos de dos etapas y están indicados para carga diferida para soportar permanentes restauraciones fijas. Estos implantes sólo están indicados para pilares fijos.

MANEJO Y ESTERILIZACIÓN

Los implantes se suministran estériles y envasados individualmente.

Almacene en un lugar seco y alejado de la luz solar directa a temperatura ambiente. Los materiales de implante son estériles, normales de presión atmosférica y temperatura. Sin embargo, para evitar daños al embalaje, evite exponer el producto a temperaturas superiores a 45°C y humedad relativa superior al 70 %.

ADVERTENCIA: No utilice si el paquete individual está abierto o dañado.

ADVERTENCIA: Dispositivo estéril, de un solo uso. No reutilizar.

No volver a procesar. La reutilización podría causar contaminación cruzada. Además, debido a las tensiones mecánicas inherentes a la colocación del implante, la reutilización del implante dental puede ocasionar una fractura del implante. El fabricante no se responsabiliza por la pérdida de características mecánicas, químicas y/o biológicas. El uso de un dispositivo no estéril puede provocar una infección.

Tome precauciones especiales al manipular implantes dentales. Evite el polvo ambiental o la contaminación. Use guantes limpios. Utilice instrumentos de titanio para sujetar los implantes.

PRECAUCIÓN: Utilice una técnica aséptica para manipular el implante una vez retirado de su embalaje original. Todos los instrumentos utilizados deben esterilizarse antes de su uso. Use guantes para manipular el producto. Evitar el polvo y la contaminación de la zona quirúrgica.

CONTRAINDICACIONES

Los implantes no deben colocarse si no hay suficiente anchura y altura de hueso alveolar para rodear el implante. La cantidad y/o calidad ósea insuficiente, la mala higiene bucal del paciente y las enfermedades (diabetes, etc.) pueden interferir con la osteointegración y provocar la falla del implante. Los procedimientos de implantes dentales están contraindicados para los pacientes que no están en condiciones médicas para someterse a un procedimiento quirúrgico oral.

No lo utilice si el paciente presenta alergia o hipersensibilidad conocida a cualquiera de los componentes del material. Consulte la sección sobre Composición del material.

Los implantes TICARE Mini, de diámetro pequeño (3,30 mm) no están diseñados para ser utilizados en la región molar. Debido a su diseño de rosca específica, los implantes dentales TICARE Osseous Quattro e Inhex Quattro no están indicados para uso en el hueso tipo I.

ADVERTENCIAS GENERALES

No utilice si el paquete individual si está abierto o dañado.

PRECAUCIONES GENERALES

PRECAUCIÓN: La Ley Federal (EE. UU.) restringe la venta de este dispositivo por parte de un dentista o médico autorizado.

Los implantes dentales TICARE están destinados a ser utilizados únicamente por profesionales calificados (dentista, médicos expertos en odontología o estomatología, cirujanos maxilofaciales).

Los implantes dentales TICARE están diseñados para utilizarse sólo junto con los pilares TICARE y los instrumentos asociados de acuerdo con las instrucciones y recomendaciones de TICARE. La combinación de implantes, instrumentos y componentes, probados como de la misma dimensión para un acoplamiento correcto puede provocar fallas mecánicas, daños en los tejidos o resultados estéticos insatisfactorios.

El incumplimiento de las indicaciones de uso y las instrucciones de uso pueden dar como resultado la falla del implante.

La pérdida ósea y/o la osteorresión ósea pueden llevar a la falla del implante al no reabsorberse y puede ocurrir una falla mecánica, incluida la fractura por fatiga del implante.

PLANIFICACIÓN DEL TRATAMIENTO ANTES DE LA CIRUGÍA

El examen clínico y radiológico cuidadoso del paciente es esencial para la planificación del tratamiento antes de la cirugía.

PRECAUCIÓN: Se recomienda tener especial cuidado al tratar a pacientes que tienen factores de riesgo locales o sistémicos que pueden interferir con el proceso de curación de los huesos o tejidos blandos. Estos factores de riesgo incluyen fumar, una higiene bucal deficiente, diabetes no controlada, radioterapia oral, infecciones en los huesos vecinos y ciertas terapias que incluyen esteroides y quimioterapia. El tabaquismo u otro trastorno de la mandíbula puede impedir el éxito de los procedimientos de implantes dentales y puede requerir la consideración de opciones de tratamiento alternativas.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

CE0051

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Ticare dental implants are root-form, self-tapping endosseous dental implants to be surgically implanted in the jaw bone to hold and retain a dental prosthesis.

There are two options with regard to prosthetic restorations

- Inhex for internal connection
- Osseous for external connection

The following dental implant variants are available:

- Inhex
- Internal connection
- Internal connection Quattro
- Internal connection Multitask (MTA)
- Perio Hybrid internal connection
- Osseous
- External connection
- External connection Quattro
- External connection Multitask (MTA)

INTENDED USE AND INDICATIONS

Ticare Dental Implant Systems are endosseous dental implants intended to be implanted in the maxilla or mandible jaw bone to serve as a union between the jaw bone and a dental prosthesis for partial or total replacement of teeth in edentulous patients. They are indicated for single-stage or two-stage procedures to support screw-retained restorations and can be used for immediate loading when good primary stability is achieved and with appropriate occlusal loading.

Small diameter (3.30 mm) implants are indicated to replace a missing tooth in the maxilla and/or a central or lateral incisor in the mandible and should not be used in the molar region. Ticare Osseous Quattro and Inhex Quattro implants are indicated to support permanently fixed restorations. Ticare Inhex and Osseous implants of 6.00 mm length are intended for use in a two-stage surgical procedure and are indicated for delayed loading to support permanently fixed restorations. These implants are indicated only for straight abutments.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Implants should not be placed if there is insufficient alveolar bone width and height to surround the implant. Insufficient bone quantity and/or quality, poor patient oral hygiene and disease (diabetes, etc.) may interfere with osseointegration and result in implant failure. Dental implant procedures are contraindicated for patients who are medically unfit to undergo an oral surgical procedure.

Do not use if the patient presents known allergy or hypersensitivity to any of the material components - See section on Material Composition.

Small diameter (3.3mm) Ticare Mini implants are not intended to be used to replace a central incisor, a canine, a premolar or a molar in the maxilla and are not intended to be used to replace a canine, a premolar or a molar in the site of the jaw bone.

Due to their specific thread design, Osseous Quattro and Inhex Quattro dental implants are not indicated for use in bone type I.

GENERAL WARNINGS

Do not use if the individual package is open or damaged.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

CAUTION: Federal (US) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed dentist or physician.

PRECAUTION: Special care is advised when treating patients who have local or systemic risk factors that may interfere with the healing process of bone or soft tissue. These risk factors include smoking, poor oral hygiene, uncontrolled diabetes, oral radiotherapy, infections in neighbouring bone and certain therapies including steroids and chemotherapy. Bruising or other jaw disorder may impede the success of dental implant procedures and may require the consideration of alternative treatment options. Advise patients who smoke to stop smoking before undergoing dental implant procedures.

COMPOSICIÓN DEL MATERIAL

Los implantes dentales y los pilares para implantes dentales Ticare están fabricados en titanio de grado IV y grado V.

ELIMINACIÓN

El producto debe eliminarse de forma respetuosa con el medio ambiente de acuerdo con las normativas locales. Los residuos peligrosos, de dispositivos contaminados u objetos afilados deben eliminarse en contenedores adecuados que cumplan los requisitos técnicos específicos.

AVISO IMPORTANTE

Cualquier paciente o personal sanitario que detecte cualquier inóndente grave relacionado con el implante dental Ticare debe comunicarse al fabricante, Mozo Grau S.A. y a la autoridad competente, miembro en el que estén establecidos el usuario y/o el paciente.

CUMPLIMIENTO LEGAL

Tres el lanzamiento de la nueva Base de Datos Europea sobre Productos Sanitarios (EUDAMED), el Resumen de Seguridad y Rendimiento (CSR) estará disponible en el sitio web de EUDAMED en <https://ec.europa.eu/tools/eudamed>. Hasta ese momento, puede encontrar el CSR en www.ticareimplants.com/calidad/.

IMPLANT CARD

Mozo Grau S.A. como fabricante de producto sanitario implantable tiene la obligación de suministrar junto a cada implante dental una tarjeta Implant card, según el artículo 18 del Reglamento de Producto Sanitario (UE) 2017/745, que incluye toda la información necesaria para identificar tanto al producto implantado como al paciente y clínica donde ha tenido lugar la cirugía de implantación.

HANDLING AND STERILIZATION

Implants are supplied sterile and individually packed. Store in a dry place away from direct sunlight at room temperature. Implants are stable at under normal atmospheric pressure and temperature conditions. However, to prevent damage to packaging, avoid exposing the product to temperatures above 45° C and relative humidity exceeding 70 %.

WARNING: Do not use if the individual package is open or damaged.

WARNING: Sterile, single-use device. Do not re-use. Do not re-process. Re-use could cause cross contamination. Also, due to mechanical stresses inherent to implant placement, re-use of the dental implant may lead to implant fracture or failure. Reprocessing could cause loss of mechanical, chemical and/or biological characteristics. Use of a non-sterile device may lead to infection.

Use special precaution when handling dental implants. Avoid ambient dust or contamination. Use gloves. Use titanium instruments when holding or gripping implants.

PRECAUTION: Use aseptic technique to handle the implant once removed from its individual packaging. All instruments used should be sterilized before use. Use gloves to handle the product. Avoid dust and contamination of the surgical site.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – OSSEOUS AND INHEx IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometer/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque. **PRECAUTION:** Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque.

Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 1.25 mm screwdriver. After removing the driver, set the cover screw to the maximum torque of 10 Nm. (Cover screw" located in its own plastic cap).

4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHEx IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometer/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque. **PRECAUTION:** Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque.

Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 1.25 mm screwdriver. After removing the driver, set the cover screw to the maximum torque of 10 Nm. (Cover screw" located in its own plastic cap).

4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHEx IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometer/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque. **PRECAUTION:** Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque.

Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 1.25 mm screwdriver. After removing the driver, set the cover screw to the maximum torque of 10 Nm. (Cover screw" located in its own plastic cap).

4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHEx IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometer/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque. **PRECAUTION:** Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque.

Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 1.25 mm screwdriver. After removing the driver, set the cover screw to the maximum torque of 10 Nm. (Cover screw" located in its own plastic cap).

4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHEx IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometer/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque. **PRECAUTION:** Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque.

Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 1.25 mm screwdriver. After removing the driver, set the cover screw to the maximum torque of 10 Nm. (Cover screw" located in its own plastic cap).

4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHEx IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometer/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque. **PRECAUTION:** Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque.

Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 1.25 mm screwdriver. After removing the driver, set the cover screw to the maximum torque of 10 Nm. (Cover screw" located in its own plastic cap).

4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Surgical complications such as infection, mucositis and peri-implantitis as well as side-effects such as pain and swelling may occur following completion of the implant procedure.

Instruct the patient to follow a routine post-surgical regime, including cold packs for 24 hours post implantation.

PRECAUTION: Avoid infection in the post-operative phase. Advise the patient to maintain strict oral hygiene. Smoking increases the risk of infection. Nicotine may interfere with the healing process. Advise the patient to stop smoking when undergoing dental implant procedures.

An antibiotic can be prescribed. Sutures can be removed after one week. If a removable prosthesis is used, it is highly recommended that the underside of the prosthesis be relieved and relined with a soft tissue conditioner to avoid pressure on the surgical site.

After implant placement, careful evaluation of bone quality and primary stability will determine when implants may be loaded.

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow implants in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

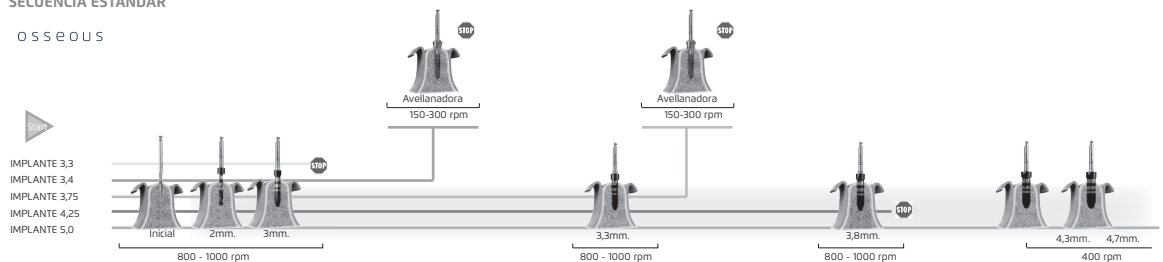
PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to secure long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

Ticare Osseous

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

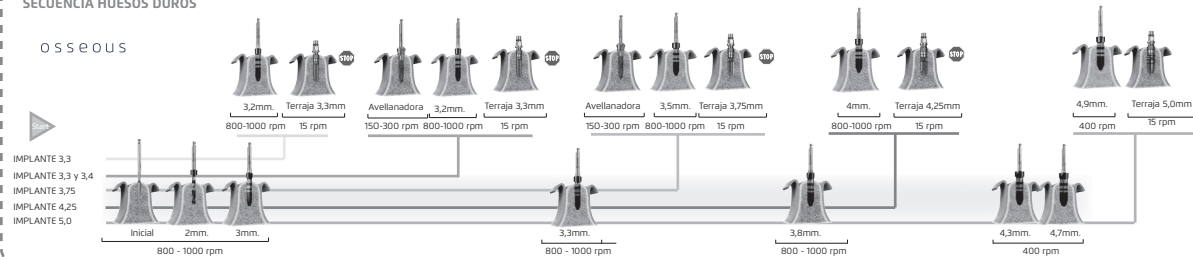
SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

OSSEOUS



SECUENCIA HUESOS Duros

OSSEOUS

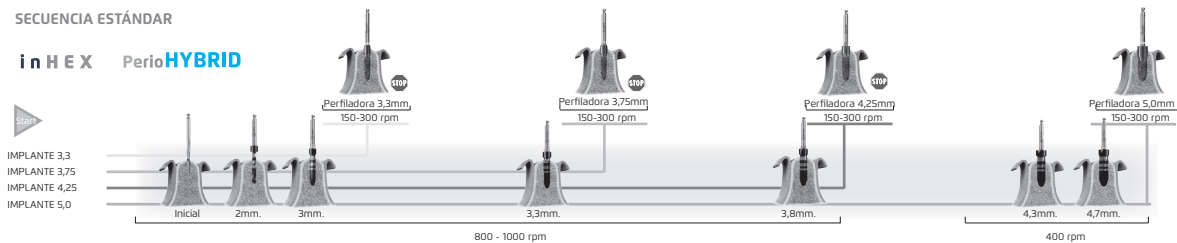


Ticare Inhex

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

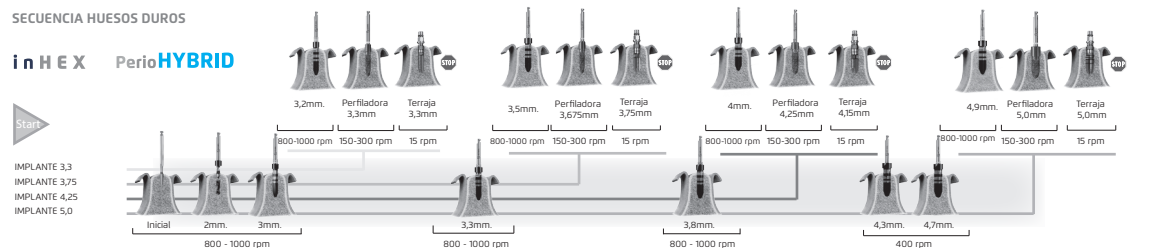
in HEX PerioHYBRID



* Para longitud de implante 6mm no se debe utilizar la perfiladora | Profile drills should not be used for Implants 6 mm long

SECUENCIA HUESOS Duros

in HEX PerioHYBRID



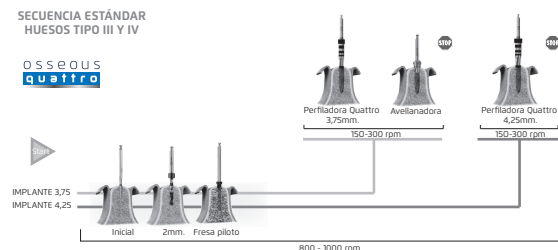
* Para longitud de implante 6mm no se debe utilizar la perfiladora ni la fresa terraja | Neither profile drills nor bone tap drills should be used for Implants 6 mm long

Ticare Osseous Quattro

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

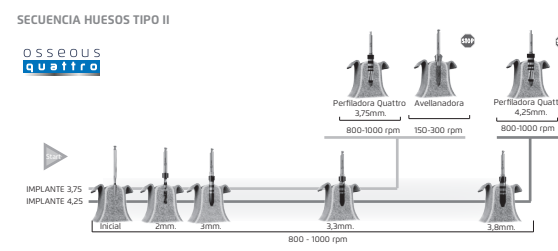
SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

OSSEOUS
quattro



SECUENCIA HUESOS TIPO II

OSSEOUS
quattro



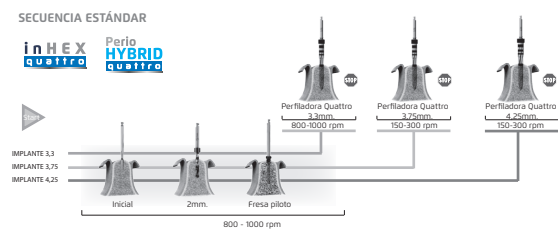
Implantes Quattro no recomendados para huesos tipo I / Quattro Implants are not recommended for bone type I

Ticare Inhex Quattro

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

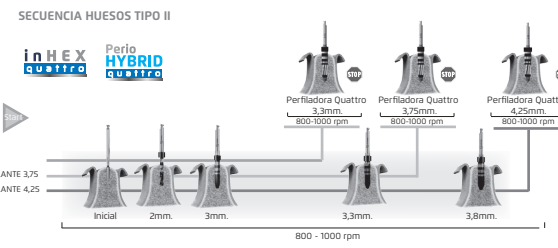
SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

in HEX PerioHYBRID
quattro



SECUENCIA HUESOS TIPO II

in HEX PerioHYBRID
quattro



Implantes Quattro no recomendados para huesos tipo I

FABRICANTE:
MOZOGRAU, S.A.
C/ Santiago Apóstol González, 7
47197 VALLADOLID (ESPAÑA)
Tel: +34 983 21 112 fax: +34 983 304 021
e-mail: sales@mozograu.com
www.ticareimplants.com

Rev. 27 02/10/2024