

ESP

USO

CE

0051

IDENTIFICACIÓN DE PRODUCTO

Los implantes dentales Ticare son implantes dentales endosseous de forma radicular que se pueden implantar quirúrgicamente en el hueso de la mandíbula para sostener y retener una prótesis dental. Hay dos opciones con respecto a las restauraciones protésicas:

- Inhcx de conexión interna: Inhcx, Inhcx Quattro, Inhcx Multitask (MTA), Inhcx Peri-Hybrid.
- Osseous de conexión externa: Osseous, Osseous Quattro, Osseous Multitask (MTA).

INDICACIÓN DE USO

Los implantes dentales TICARE están diseñados para ser implantados en el maxilar superior o mandibular para servir como una unión entre el hueso de la mandíbula y una prótesis dental en el reemplazo parcial o total de dientes en pacientes edéntulos. Los implantes dentales TICARE están indicados para procedimientos de una o dos etapas, para apoyar restauraciones fijas permanentes y para servir como una carga inmediata (a excepción del implante corto de 6mm de longitud), cuando se logra una buena estabilidad primaria y con una carga oclusal adecuada. Los implantes dentales TICARE Osseous Quattro, Inhcx Quattro y Inhcx Multitask están indicados para respaldar las restauraciones fijas permanentes y, debido a su diseño de rosca, no están indicados para uso en el hueso tipo I. Los implantes TICARE Mini, de diámetro pequeño (3,3 mm), están diseñados para reemplazar incisivos laterales en el maxilar superior y/o incisivos centrales o laterales en mandíbula y no deben usarse en la dentición molar. Los implantes Ticare Inhcx y Osseous de 6 mm están diseñados para procedimientos de dos etapas y están indicados para carga diferida para soportar permanentes restauraciones fijas. Estos implantes sólo están indicados para pilares fijos.

CONTRAINDICACIONES

Los implantes no deben colocarse si no hay suficiente anchura y altura del hueso alveolar para rodear el implante.

La cantidad y / o calidad ósea insuficiente, la mala higiene bucal del paciente y las enfermedades (diabetes, etc.) pueden interferir con la osteointegración y provocar la falla del implante. Los procedimientos de los implantes dentales están contraindicados para los pacientes que no están en condiciones médicas para someterse a un procedimiento quirúrgico oral.

No lo utilice si el paciente presenta alergia o hipersensibilidad conocida a cualquiera de los componentes del material. (Consulte la sección sobre Composición del material).

Los implantes TICARE MINI de diámetro pequeño (3,3 mm) no están diseñados para ser utilizados en la región molar.

Debido a su diseño de rosca específico, los implantes dentales TICARE Osseous Quattro e Inhcx Quattro no están indicados para uso en el hueso tipo 1.

ADVERTENCIAS GENERALES

No utilice si el paquete individual si está abierto o dañado.

PRECAUCIONES GENERALES

Precaución: la ley federal (EE.UU.) restringe la venta de este dispositivo por parte de un dentista o médico autorizado.

Los implantes dentales TICARE están destinados a ser utilizados únicamente por profesionales calificados (dentista, médicos expertos en odontología o estomatología, cirujanos maxilofaciales).

Los implantes dentales TICARE están diseñados para utilizarse solo junto con los planes TICARE y los instrumentos asociados de acuerdo con las instrucciones y recomendaciones de TICARE. La combinación de implantes, instrumentos y componentes protésicos que no están dimensionados para un acoplamiento correcto puede provocar fallas mecánicas, daños en los tejidos o resultados estéticos insatisfactorios.

El incumplimiento de las indicaciones de uso y las instrucciones de uso pueden dar como resultado la falla del implante.

La pérdida ósea y / o la reabsorción ósea pueden llevar a la falla del implante y no osteogénesis, puede ocurrir una falla mecánica, incluida la fractura por fatiga del implante.

PLANIFICACIÓN DEL TRATAMIENTO ANTES DE LA CIRUGÍA

El examen clínico y radiológico cuidadoso del paciente es esencial para la planificación del tratamiento antes de la cirugía.

Precaución: se recomienda tener especial cuidado al tratar a pacientes que tienen factores de riesgo locales o sistémicos que pueden interferir con el proceso de curación de los huesos o tejidos blandos.

Estos factores de riesgo incluyen: fumar, una higiene bucal deficiente, diabetes no controlada, radioterapia oral, infecciones en los huesos vecinos y ciertas terapias que incluyen esteroides y quimioterapia. El bruxismo u otro trastorno de la mandíbula puede impedir el éxito de los procedimientos de implantes dentales y puede requerir la consideración de opciones de tratamiento alternativas. Aconseje a los pacientes que fuman que dejen de fumar antes de someterse a procedimientos de implantes dentales.

Precaución: No se recomienda el uso rutinario de implantes dentales en pacientes pediátricos hasta que se complete el crecimiento del hueso de la mandíbula. Las radiografías deben medirse con precisión para garantizar la selección correcta de la longitud del implante y para evitar el espacio entre la mandíbula y el seno de la cavidad nasal, el canal maxilar y la perforación de los aspectos internos de la mandíbula.

Advertencia: el hecho de no utilizar mediciones radiográficas al planificar la cirugía y la secuencia de perforación puede provocar daños permanentes en las estructuras orales vitales. Perforar más allá de la profundidad prevista para la cirugía de la mandíbula inferior puede provocar entumecimiento en el labio inferior o la barbilla o hemorragia en la parte de la boca. Debería haber al menos 2 mm de hueso debajo del implante real. Por ejemplo, para colocar un implante de 8 mm de longitud, se requieren 10 mm de altura del hueso. La cantidad de hueso disponible debe evaluarse cuidadosamente para calcular el ángulo de inserción para lograr un paralelismo con implantes adicionales y dentición natural. Advertencia: el hecho de no referirse a los conocimientos anatómicos y las radiografías preoperatorias específicas puede dañar las estructuras orales vitales al perforar el hueso de la mandíbula.

MANEJO Y ESTERILIZACIÓN

Los implantes se suministran estériles y envasados individualmente.

Almacene en un lugar seco y alejado de la luz solar directa a temperatura ambiente. Los materiales de implante son estables en condiciones normales de presión atmosférica y temperatura. Sin embargo, para evitar daños al embalaje, evite exponer el producto a temperaturas superiores a 45°C y humedad relativa superior al 70%.

Advertencia: No utilice si el paquete individual está abierto o dañado.

Advertencia: Dispositivo estéril, de un solo uso. No reutilizar. No volver a procesar. La reutilización podría causar contaminación cruzada. Además, debido a las tensiones mecánicas inherentes a la colocación del implante, la reutilización del implante dental puede ocasionar una fractura o falla del implante. El reprocesamiento podría causar la pérdida de características mecánicas, químicas y / o biológicas. El uso de un dispositivo no estéril puede provocar una infección.

Tompe precauciones especiales al manipular implantes dentales. Evite el polvo ambiental o la contaminación. Usar guantes. Utilice instrumentos de titanio para sujetar los implantes.

Precaución: utilice una técnica aséptica para manipular el implante una vez retirado de su embalaje individual. Todos los instrumentos utilizados deben esterilizarse antes de su uso. Use guantes para manipular el producto. Evitar el polvo y la contaminación de la zona quirúrgica.

INSTRUCCIONES DE USO: COLOCACIÓN DEL IMPLANTE OSSEOUS E INHXC

Prepare el emplazamiento del implante en un lugar que sea claramente visible para el cirujano.

PRECAUCIÓN: Para evitar daños en el hueso, la pérdida ósea y / o la necrosis ósea, siga la secuencia de perforación quirúrgica recomendada utilizando irrigación constante y las velocidades de perforación recomendadas.

PRECAUCIÓN: Los implantes dentales y los pilares son de tamaño pequeño. Se debe tener cuidado para garantizar que el paciente no ingiera ni aspire los implantes.

1. Marque todo el emplazamiento del implante con agua estéril o solución salina.
2. Retire el vial del blister. Luego desensquee el tapón de plástico.
3. Para retirar el implante del vial, use la llave de Carrara/Dinamométrica/Manual (inserción manual) o el adaptador de contra-ángulo (inserción mecanizada). Coloque la llave o el adaptador de contra-ángulo sobre el transportador del implante, hasta que apoye o haga tope con la plataforma del transportador, colocando parcialmente el implante en el emplazamiento preparado.
- Inserte el implante en el hueso con un movimiento en sentido horario hasta que se alcance la profundidad deseada. Para la inserción mecanizada de implantes, utilice un par de apriete limitado.
- Después de retirar el transportador, coloque el tornillo de cierre* en un par máximo de 10 N / cm. (*Tornillo de cierre ubicado en su propio tapón de plástico).
4. Antes de suturar, es recomendable obtener una radiografía de la colocación de implante.
5. Vuelva a colocar con cuidado el colgajo mucoperiostico para lograr la máxima adaptación del tejido y luego, suturarlo.

INSTRUCCIONES DE USO – COLOCACIÓN DEL IMPLANTE MTA OSSEOUS Y MTA INHXC

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Ticare dental implants are root-form, self-tapping endosseous dental implants to be surgically implanted in the jaw bone to hold and retain a dental prosthesis.

These are not intended for use for the prosthesis or restorative treatment. The intended use of the implant is indicated on the In-hcx Internal connection

- Osseous for external connection

The following dental implant variants are available:

- In-hcx: Internal connection, Internal connection Quattro, Internal connection Multitask (MTA)
- Osseous: External connection, External connection Quattro, External connection Multitask (MTA)

Ticare Dental Implant Systems are endosseous dental implants intended to be implanted in the maxilla or mandible jaw bone to serve as a union between the jaw bone and a dental prosthesis for partial or total replacement of teeth in edentulous patients. They are indicated for single-stage or two-stage procedures to support screw-retained restorations and can be used for immediate loading when good primary stability is achieved and with appropriate occluding.

Small diameter (3.3mm) implants are indicated to replace a lateral incisor in the maxilla and/or a central or lateral incisor in the mandible and should not be used in the molar region. Ticare Osseous Quattro and Inhcx Quattro implants are indicated to support permanent fixed restorations. Ticare Inhcx and Osseous implants of 6 mm length are intended for use in a two-stage surgical procedure and are indicated for delayed loading to support permanently fixed restorations. These implants are indicated only for straight abutments.

INDICATION FOR USE

Ticare Dental Implant Systems are endosseous dental implants intended to be implanted in the maxilla or mandible jaw bone to serve as a union between the jaw bone and a dental prosthesis for partial or total replacement of teeth in edentulous patients. They are indicated for single-stage or two-stage procedures to support screw-retained restorations and can be used for immediate loading when good primary stability is achieved and with appropriate occluding.

Small diameter (3.3mm) implants are indicated to replace a lateral incisor in the maxilla and/or a central or lateral incisor in the mandible and should not be used in the molar region. Ticare Osseous Quattro and Inhcx Quattro implants are indicated to support permanent fixed restorations. Ticare Inhcx and Osseous implants of 6 mm length are intended for use in a two-stage surgical procedure and are indicated for delayed loading to support permanently fixed restorations. These implants are indicated only for straight abutments.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Implants should not be placed if there is insufficient alveolar bone width and height to surround the implant.

Insufficient bone quantity and/or quality, poor patient oral hygiene and diseases (diabetes, etc.) may interfere with osseointegration and result in implant failure. Dental implant procedures are contraindicated for patients who are medically unfit to undergo an oral surgical procedure.

Do not use if the patient presents known allergy or hypersensitivity to any of the material components – See section on Material Composition.

Small diameter (3.3mm) Ticare Mini implants are not intended to be used to replace a central incisor, a canine, a premolar or a molar in the maxilla and are not intended to be used to replace a canine, a premolar or a molar in the mandible.

Due to their specific thread design, Osseous Quattro and Inhcx Quattro dental implants are not indicated for use in bone type 1.

GENERAL WARNINGS

Do not use if the individual package is open or damaged.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

Caution: Federal (US) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed dentist or physician.

Ticare dental implants are intended to be used only by qualified specialist professionals (dentist, doctors experts in dentistry or stomatology, maxillofacial surgeons).

Ticare dental implants are intended to be used only in conjunction with Ticare abutments and associated instruments according to the instructions and recommendations of Ticare. Combining implants, instruments and prosthetic components that are not dimensioned for correct mating can lead to mechanical failure, damage to tissue or unsatisfactory aesthetic results.

Failure to observe the indications for use and directions for use may result in implant failure. Bone loss and/or bone resorption may lead to implant failure to osseointegrate and mechanical failure including implant fatigue fracture can occur.

TREATMENT PLANNING PRIOR TO SURGERY

Careful clinical and radiological examination of the patient is essential to treatment planning prior to surgery.

Careful clinical and radiological examination of the patient is essential to treatment planning prior to surgery.

Precaution: Special care is advised when treating patients who have local or systemic risk factors that may interfere with the healing process of bone or soft tissue. These risk factors include smoking, poor oral hygiene, uncontrolled diabetes, oral radiotherapy, infections in neighbouring bone and certain therapies including steroids and

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Ticare dental implants are root-form, self-tapping endosseous dental implants to be surgically implanted in the jaw bone to hold and retain a dental prosthesis.

These are not intended for use for the prosthesis or restorative treatment. The intended use of the implant is indicated on the In-hcx Internal connection

- Osseous for external connection

The following dental implant variants are available:

- In-hcx: Internal connection, Internal connection Quattro, Internal connection Multitask (MTA)
- Osseous: External connection, External connection Quattro, External connection Multitask (MTA)

Ticare Dental Implant Systems are endosseous dental implants intended to be implanted in the maxilla or mandible jaw bone to serve as a union between the jaw bone and a dental prosthesis for partial or total replacement of teeth in edentulous patients. They are indicated for single-stage or two-stage procedures to support screw-retained restorations and can be used for immediate loading when good primary stability is achieved and with appropriate occluding.

Small diameter (3.3mm) implants are indicated to replace a lateral incisor in the maxilla and/or a central or lateral incisor in the mandible and should not be used in the molar region. Ticare Osseous Quattro and Inhcx Quattro implants are indicated to support permanent fixed restorations. These implants are indicated only for straight abutments.

INDICATION FOR USE

Ticare Dental Implant Systems are endosseous dental implants intended to be implanted in the maxilla or mandible jaw bone to serve as a union between the jaw bone and a dental prosthesis for partial or total replacement of teeth in edentulous patients. They are indicated for single-stage or two-stage procedures to support screw-retained restorations and can be used for immediate loading when good primary stability is achieved and with appropriate occluding.

Small diameter (3.3mm) implants are indicated to replace a lateral incisor in the maxilla and/or a central or lateral incisor in the mandible and should not be used in the molar region. Ticare Osseous Quattro and Inhcx Quattro implants are indicated to support permanent fixed restorations. These implants are indicated only for straight abutments.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Implants should not be placed if there is insufficient alveolar bone width and height to surround the implant.

Insufficient bone quantity and/or quality, poor patient oral hygiene and diseases (diabetes, etc.) may interfere with osseointegration and result in implant failure. Dental implant procedures are contraindicated for patients who are medically unfit to undergo an oral surgical procedure.

Do not use if the patient presents known allergy or hypersensitivity to any of the material components – See section on Material Composition.

Small diameter (3.3mm) Ticare Mini implants are not intended to be used to replace a central incisor, a canine, a premolar or a molar in the maxilla and are not intended to be used to replace a canine, a premolar or a molar in the mandible.

Due to their specific thread design, Osseous Quattro and Inhcx Quattro dental implants are not indicated for use in bone type 1.

GENERAL WARNINGS

Do not use if the individual package is open or damaged.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

Caution: Federal (US) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed dentist or physician.

Ticare dental implants are intended to be used only by qualified specialist professionals (dentist, doctors experts in dentistry or stomatology, maxillofacial surgeons).

Ticare dental implants are intended to be used only in conjunction with Ticare abutments and associated instruments according to the instructions and recommendations of Ticare. Combining implants, instruments and prosthetic components that are not dimensioned for correct mating can lead to mechanical failure, damage to tissue or unsatisfactory aesthetic results.

Failure to observe the indications for use and directions for use may result in implant failure. Bone loss and/or bone resorption may lead to implant failure to osseointegrate and mechanical failure including implant fatigue fracture can occur.

TREATMENT PLANNING PRIOR TO SURGERY

Careful clinical and radiological examination of the patient is essential to treatment planning prior to surgery.

Careful clinical and radiological examination of the patient is essential to treatment planning prior to surgery.

Precaution: Special care is advised when treating patients who have local or systemic risk factors that may interfere with the healing process of bone or soft tissue. These risk factors include smoking, poor oral hygiene, uncontrolled diabetes, oral radiotherapy, infections in neighbouring bone and certain therapies including steroids and

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHXC IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometrical/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque.

PRECAUTION: Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque. Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site. Remove the Multi-task MTA abutment from the implant unscrewing the screw using the hexagonal 125 mm screwdriver. After removing the Multi-task MTA abutment, set the cover screw to a maximum torque of 10 N/cm. (Cover screw* located in its own plastic cap). When using the MTA abutment, the implant is inserted with the plastic ring. To remove the ring after implant insertion, hold the post so that the partially open side is visible. Push from one of the upper 2 corners to remove the ring. In corner situations where the ring must be removed, the recommended torque for correct tightening of the ring is 5 N/cm to avoid Morse taper effect.

- 4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
- 5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid complications, such as infection, mucositis and peri-implantitis as well as side-effects such as pain and swelling may occur following completion of the implant procedure. Instruct the patient to follow a routine post-surgical regime, including cold packs for 24 hours post-insertion.

PRECAUTION: Avoid infection in the post-operative phase. Advise the patient to maintain strict oral hygiene. Smoking increases the risk of infection. Nicotine may interfere with the healing process. Advise the patient to stop smoking when undergoing dental implant procedures.

An antibiotic can be prescribed. Sutures can be removed after one week. If a removable prosthesis is used, it is highly recommended that the underside of the prosthesis be relieved and relined with a soft tissue conditioner to avoid pressure on the surgical site.

After implant placement, careful evaluation of bone quality and primary stability will determine when implants may be loaded.

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow molars in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to monitor long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

MATERIAL COMPOSITION

Ticare dental implants and dental implant abutments are made of Grade IV Titanium and Grade V Titanium Alloy.

LABELLING SYMBOLS/ SÍMBOLOS DE ETIQUETADO

The following symbols are used on the labelling to convey essential information to the user:

Expiry date
Utilizable hasta la fecha

Pay attention to instructions for use
Atención a las normas de uso

Manufacturer
Fabricante

Do not use if damaged
No utilizar si el envase está dañado

STERILE
Gamma-Ray sterilized
Esterilizado por Rayos Gamma

One use only, not reusable
Un sólo uso, no reutilizar

Reference
Referencia

LOT
Lote

CE

0051

Caution
Precaución

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – MTA OSSEOUS AND MTA INHXC IMPLANT PLACEMENT

Prepare the implant site in a place that is clearly visible for the surgeon.

PRECAUTION: To avoid damage to bone, bone loss and/or bone necrosis, follow the recommended surgical drilling sequence using constant irrigation and recommended drill speeds.

PRECAUTION: Dental implants and abutments are small in size. Care must be taken to ensure that implants are not swallowed or aspirated by the patient.

1. Irrigate the entire implant site with sterile water or saline solution.
2. Remove the vial from the blister. Then unscrew the plastic cap.
3. To remove the implant from the vial, use either the Ratchet/Dynamometrical/Squared hand wrench (for manual insertion) or the contra-angle implant mount driver (for mechanized insertion).

Place the wrench or the contra-angle implant mount driver on the implant driver until it rests or fully meets the platform driver, partially placing the abutment into the prepared site. Insert the implant into the bone with a clockwise direction movement until the desired depth is reached. For mechanized implant insertion, use limited torque.

PRECAUTION: Avoid overtightening the implant. Do not exceed the recommended maximum torque. Overtightening the implant may lead to implant damage or fracture or to bone necrosis at the bone site.

Remove the driver from the implant unscrewing the driver screw using the hexagonal 125 mm screwdriver.

After removing the driver, set the cover screw to a maximum torque of 10 N/cm. (Cover screw* located in its own plastic cap).

- 4. Before suturing, it is advisable to obtain an implant-placement X-ray.
- 5. Carefully replace the mucoperiosteal flap for maximum tissue adaptation and suture.

SIDE EFFECTS AND POST OPERATIVE PROCEDURE

PRECAUTION: Avoid complications, such as infection, mucositis and peri-implantitis as well as side-effects such as pain and swelling may occur following completion of the implant procedure. Instruct the patient to follow a routine post-surgical regime, including cold packs for 24 hours post-insertion.

PRECAUTION: Avoid infection in the post-operative phase. Advise the patient to maintain strict oral hygiene. Smoking increases the risk of infection. Nicotine may interfere with the healing process. Advise the patient to stop smoking when undergoing dental implant procedures.

An antibiotic can be prescribed. Sutures can be removed after one week. If a removable prosthesis is used, it is highly recommended that the underside of the prosthesis be relieved and relined with a soft tissue conditioner to avoid pressure on the surgical site.

After implant placement, careful evaluation of bone quality and primary stability will determine when implants may be loaded.

PRECAUTION: Avoid risks of prosthetic overload and use particular caution when placing narrow molars in the posterior region.

PRECAUTION: Lack of adequate quantity or quality of remaining bone, infection and disease may cause failure of the implant to osseointegrate both immediately after surgery or over the long-term.

PRECAUTION: Regular patient follow-up is needed to monitor long-term treatment outcome and to inform the patient about appropriate oral hygiene.

MATERIAL COMPOSITION

Ticare dental implants and dental implant abutments are made of Grade IV Titanium and Grade V Titanium Alloy.

LABELLING SYMBOLS/ SÍMBOLOS DE ETIQUETADO

The following symbols are used on the labelling to convey essential information to the user:

Expiry date
Utilizable hasta la fecha

Pay attention to instructions for use
Atención a las normas de uso

Manufacturer
Fabricante

Do not use if damaged
No utilizar si el envase está dañado

STERILE
Gamma-Ray sterilized
Esterilizado por Rayos Gamma

One use only, not reusable
Un sólo uso, no reutilizar

Reference
Referencia

LOT
Lote

CE

0051

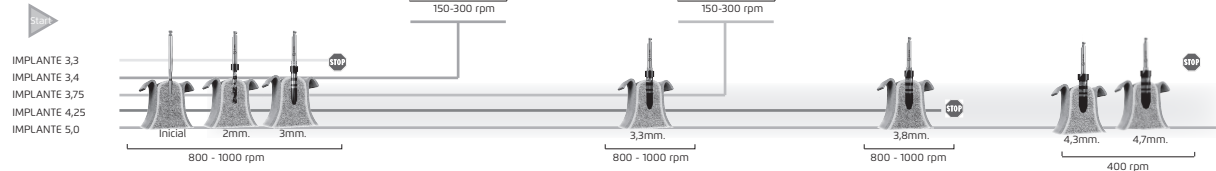
Caution
Precaución

Ticare Osseous

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

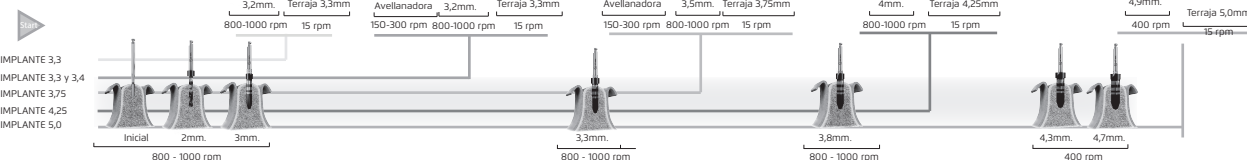
SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

ticare osseous



SECUENCIA HUESOS Duros

ticare osseous

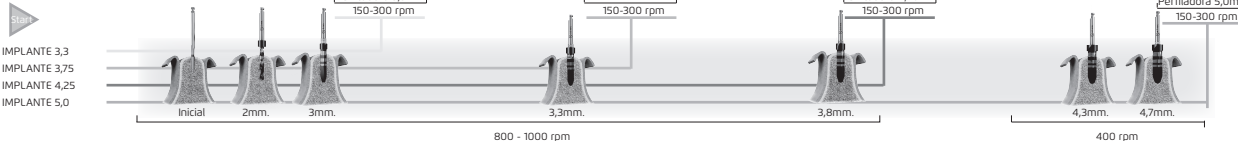


Ticare Inhex

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

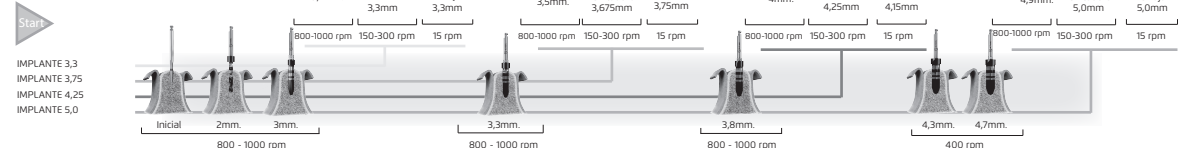
ticare inhex



* Para longitud de implante 6mm no se debe utilizar la perfiladora | Profile drills should not be used for implants 6 mm long

SECUENCIA HUESOS Duros

ticare inhex



* Para longitud de implante 6mm no se debe utilizar la perfiladora ni la fresa terraja | Neither profile drills nor bone tap drills should be used for implants 6 mm long

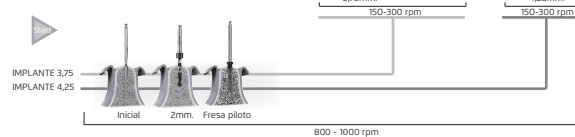
Ticare Osseous Quattro

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

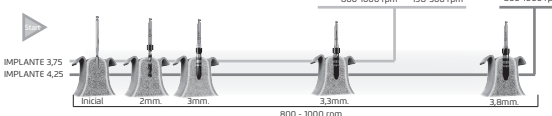
HUESOS TIPO III Y IV

ticare osseous quattro



SECUENCIA HUESOS TIPO II

ticare osseous quattro



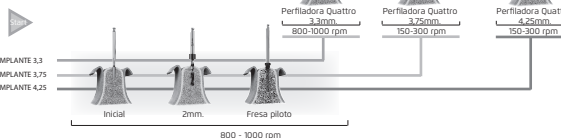
Implantes Quattro no recomendados para huesos tipo I / Quattro Implants are not recommended for bone type I

Ticare Inhex Quattro

SECUENCIA DE FRESADO / DRILLING SEQUENCE

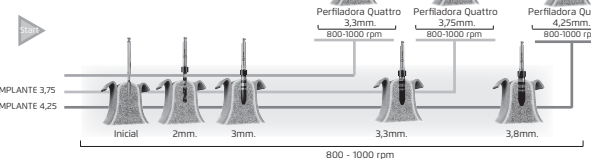
SECUENCIA ESTÁNDAR

ticare inhex quattro



SECUENCIA HUESOS TIPO II

ticare inhex quattro



Implantes Quattro no recomendados para huesos tipo I

FABRICANTE:
MOZOGRAU, S.A.
C/ Suroeste 11000, 7
47197 VALLADOLID (ESPAÑA)
Tel: +34 983 301 110 Fax: +34 983 304 021
e-mail: sales@mozograu.com
www.ticareimplants.com

MOZOGRAU, S.A.
C/ Suroeste 11000, 7
47197 VALLADOLID (ESPAÑA)
Tel: +34 983 302 809 Fax: +34 983 304 021
e-mail: sales@mozograu.com
www.ticareimplants.com

Rev. 19 21/09/2021